



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## ZANZIBAR.

*Report from Zanzibar—Examination of rats for plague infection.*

Consul Garrels reports, June 17 and 23:

During the two weeks ended June 14, 2,664 rats were received and bacteriologically examined; during the week ended June 21, 1,467 rats. No plague infection was found.

Plague was reported present at Zanzibar July 26. (See Public Health Reports, July 30, 1909, p. 1112.)

## FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AUSTRALIA—*Brisbane*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 119,428. Total number of deaths, 116, including enteric fever 1, diphtheria 1, and 6 from pulmonary tuberculosis.

*Newcastle district*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 61,270. Total number of deaths, 71, including enteric fever 2 and 5 from tuberculosis.

AZORES—*St. Michaels*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 131,183. Total number of deaths, 243, corresponding to an annual death rate of 21.6 per 1,000 of population, including whooping cough 17 and 3 from tuberculosis.

EGYPT—*Alexandria*.—Report for the seven weeks ended March 25, 1909. Estimated population, 388,083. Total number of deaths, 1,618, corresponding to an annual death rate of 30.4 per 1,000 of population, including smallpox 17, measles 54, scarlet fever 16, diphtheria 14, enteric fever 15, and 138 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended July 17, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 11.5 per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16,445,281.

*London*.—Nine hundred and seventy-nine deaths were registered during the week, including measles 33, scarlet fever 6, diphtheria 4, enteric fever 2, whooping cough 15, tuberculosis 97, and 13 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 11.5 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,443 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 8 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, 5 from diphtheria, and 3 from whooping cough.

*Manchester*.—Five weeks ended July 3, 1909. Estimated population, 655,435. Total number of deaths, 1,018, corresponding to an annual death rate of 16.12 per 1,000 of population, including measles 60, scarlet fever 23, whooping cough 15, diphtheria 16, and 129 from tuberculosis.

*County borough of Salford*.—Second quarter ended July 3, 1909. Estimated population, 241,950. Total number of deaths, 1,093, corresponding to an annual death rate of 18.1 per 1,000 of population, including measles 109, scarlet fever 27, whooping cough 20, diphtheria 23, enteric fever 5, and 135 from tuberculosis.

*Ireland*.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended July 17, 1909, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 13.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,142,308. The lowest rate was recorded in Limerick, viz, 4.1, and the highest in Galway, viz, 27.2, per 1,000.

*Scotland*.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended July 17, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 12.5 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,839,038. The highest rate of mortality was recorded in Dundee, viz, 18.8, and the lowest in Leith, viz, 10.3 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 448, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 3, measles 2, scarlet fever 2, and 16 from whooping cough.

HAWAII—*Honolulu*.—Month of June, 1909. Census population 1900, 39,306. Total number of deaths, 63, corresponding to an annual death rate of 19.2 per 1,000 of population, including diphtheria 2 and 10 from tuberculosis.

INDIA—*Rangoon*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 295,803. Total number of deaths, 656, corresponding to an annual death rate of 26.52 per 1,000 of population, including Asiatic cholera 3, malaria 16, smallpox 18, enteric fever 3, plague 58, and 28 from tuberculosis.

NEW ZEALAND—*Auckland*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 75,345. Total number of deaths, 50, corresponding to an annual death rate of 7.92 per 1,000 of population, including 7 from tuberculosis.

*Wellington*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 73,667. Total number of deaths, 62, corresponding to an annual death rate of 10.08 per 1,000 of population, including enteric fever 1 and 6 from tuberculosis.

*Christchurch*.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 62,096. Total number of deaths, 42, corresponding to an annual death rate of 8.16 per 1,000 of population, including 5 from tuberculosis.

*Dunedin*.—Month of May, 1908. Estimated population, 61,279. Total number of deaths, 54, corresponding to an annual death rate of 10.56 per 1,000 of population, including 7 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—*Cadiz*.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 69,382. Total number of deaths, 162, corresponding to an annual death rate of 27.6 per 1,000 of population, including whooping cough 16, enteric fever 1, and 24 from tuberculosis.

*Huelva*.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 24,000. Total number of deaths, 77, corresponding to an annual death rate of 38.4 per 1,000 of population, including smallpox 7, measles 1, and 13 from tuberculosis.

*Seville*.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 148,315. Total number of deaths, 547, corresponding to an annual death rate of

44.28 per 1,000 of population, including measles 6, enteric fever 7, diphtheria 2, smallpox 1, typhus fever 2, scarlet fever 3, and 76 from tuberculosis.

*Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, from June 26 to August 13, 1909.*

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls, through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 25, 1908, to June 25, 1909, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 25, 1909.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
Amoy.....	June 13-26.....	4	.....	
Kang Thau.....	June 13-19.....	2	1	
Swatow.....	May 11-29.....	.....	.....	Present in vicinity.
Germany:				
Konigsberg.....	July 21.....	.....	1	
India:				
Bombay.....	May 30-July 6.....	.....	74	
Calcutta.....	May 16-June 26.....	.....	296	
Madras.....	May 29-June 25.....	.....	2	
Negapatam.....	May 8-14.....	.....	4	
Rangoon.....	May 16-June 26.....	.....	6	
Indo-China:				
Saigon.....	May 9-June 26....	16	10	
Philippine Islands:				
Manila.....	.....	.....	.....	Fourth quarter 1908, 308 cases and 190 deaths; first quarter 1909, 1 death (imported).
Provinces.....	.....	.....	.....	Fourth quarter 1908, 7,330 cases and 4,292 deaths; first quarter 1909, 2,221 cases and 1,405 deaths.
Cebu.....	May 16-29.....	15	6	
Dapitan.....	May 9-15.....	.....	.....	Present.
Iloilo.....	May 23-June 19.....	28	18	
Leyte.....	June 6-12.....	6	2	
Moro.....	May 29-June 5.....	1	1	
Negros Occidental.....	May 9-22.....	18	8	
Negros Oriental.....	May 30-June 19.....	86	57	
Pampanga.....	May 9-June 19.....	21	16	
Pangasinan.....	June 13-19.....	1	.....	
Samar.....	May 9-29.....	14	8	
Sorsogon.....	May 9-15.....	8	2	
Russia.....	.....	.....	.....	July 23, present in Drissa, Kostroma, Kreutzburg, Mahlgaben, Moscow, Muravjevo, Onega, Pinega, Polotzk, Radziwilschki, Reval, Schaulen, and Tver.
Archangel.....	June 26-July 23...	189	115	
Baku, government.....	July 4-10.....	1	.....	
Chmalysk, district.....	July 1.....	1	.....	
Cronstadt.....	June 30-July 13...	40	17	July 23, still present.
Eastland, government.....	July 1.....	1	.....	
Finland.....	.....	.....	.....	
Mariengam.....	June 23-24.....	1	1	
Viborg.....	July 9-16.....	1	.....	
Jaroslav.....	July 4-10.....	3	1	
Kretsky, district.....	July 1.....	1	.....	
Mitau.....	July 15.....	2	1	
Moscow.....	July 9-16.....	5	2	
Novgorod, government.....	July 4-10.....	10	4	
Olonets, government.....	June 20-26.....	1	.....	
Pskov.....	July 1-5.....	1	1	
Riga.....	July 1-23.....	49	18	
Rjasin.....	June 24-July 16...	3	3	
Simbirsk.....	July 13.....	1	.....	
St. Petersburg, government.....	June 9-July 5.....	265	60	
St. Petersburg.....	June 2-July 23.....	3,051	1,154	July 23, 800 cases present.
Vitebsk.....	July 9-16.....	8	3	
Vologda, government.....	July 4-10.....	9	2	
Siam:				
Bangkok.....	Apr. 25-May 28....	1	.....	
Straits Settlements:				
Singapore.....	May 9-June 5.....	.....	18	